

2009 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

Fill in the first four blocks of the Scantron sheet with your own 4-digit code and then the next four blocks with the 4-digit code for this exam (1015). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the answer for each question; please do not write on the exam itself.

I. Give the letter of the meaning nearest to that of the Greek element underlined.

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. <u>ENCYCLICAL</u> | a) letter | b) wheel | c) all | d) in |
| 2. <u>APATHY</u> | a) way | b) put | c) suffer | d) different |
| 3. <u>ENDEMIC</u> | a) disease | b) show | c) speak | d) people |
| 4. <u>CACOPHONY</u> | a) bad | b) loud | c) deep | d) many |
| 5. <u>HOROSCOPE</u> | a) hour | b) see | c) star | d) measure |
| 6. <u>GLOSSAL</u> | a) meaning | b) list | c) word | d) tongue |
| 7. <u>SYNDROME</u> | a) home | b) sick | c) run | d) contest |
| 8. <u>SELENOLOGY</u> | a) age | b) moon | c) sun | d) type |
| 9. <u>PROGNOSIS</u> | a) disease | b) path | c) know | d) speech |
| 10. <u>ANTIDOTE</u> | a) take | b) cure | c) home | d) give |
| 11. <u>APOTHEOSIS</u> | a) god | b) light | c) put | d) die |
| 12. <u>PACHYDERM</u> | a) smooth | b) thick | c) skin | d) large |
| 13. <u>EMBLEM</u> | a) give | b) sign | c) throw | d) hold |
| 14. <u>EVANGELIST</u> | a) word | b) truth | c) speech | d) messenger |
| 15. <u>POLICE</u> | a) law | b) many | c) city | d) force |

II. Choose the best answer based on the root meaning of the word in bold.

16. An **anthology** would most likely contain
a. bones b. definitions c. advice d. poems
17. A **bigamist** has two or more
a. children b. spouses c. living grandparents d. jobs
18. A **heliograph** creates signals using
a. electricity b. the sun c. motion d. sound
19. A **lithophyte** would grow in
a. stone b. mud c. strong sun d. water
20. A **hematologist** would study
a. reptiles b. the brain c. blood d. weather
21. Someone's **patronymic** would be derived from
a. their nationality b. their birthday c. their personality d. their father's name
22. **Etymologies** would most likely be encountered in
a. a church b. a dictionary c. a laboratory d. a biography
23. You would use a **criterion** to make
a. a judgment b. a film c. a building d. a puzzle
24. Someone displaying **misandry** would have an aversion to
a. difference b. men c. women d. hard work
25. A **lexicographer** would
a. write dictionaries b. crack codes c. speak many languages d. interpret literature

III. Based on your knowledge of Greek derivatives, choose the best meaning for each name.

26. **Nick**'s name suggest that he is
a. a winner b. speedy c. intelligent d. a judge
27. **Sophocles** would be famous for his
a. strength b. wisdom c. virtue d. courage

28. According to his name, **Aristophanes** should be revealed to be
 a. the richest b. the funniest c. the best d. the oldest
29. **George** should grow up to be
 a. good-looking b. a farmer c. a scientist d. a leader
30. **Stephen** might like to wear
 a. a wreath b. jewelry c. a robe d. a toga

IV. Choose the letter of the derivative that best suits the given definition.

31. affected and ornate
 a. eidetic b. euphuistic c. erratic d. episcopal
32. treatment of disease with drugs that produce symptoms similar to that disease
 a. homeopathy b. allopathy c. osteopathy d. antipathy
33. rude or tactless
 a. hypocritical b. sociopathic c. endemic d. impolitic
34. an excessive display of learning
 a. pedantry b. pedagogy c. pederasty d. pedology
35. drum
 a. harmonium b. tympanum c. euphonium d. pandemonium
36. absolute and unequivocal
 a. academic b. anecdotal c. categorical d. antithetical
37. literally having a "split mind"
 a. sociopathic b. duplicitous c. heterodox d. schizophrenic
38. the study of matter in motion
 a. ergonomics b. dynamics c. ichthyology d. hagiology
39. a sign or symptom of a disease about to come on
 a. syndrome b. dromedary c. prodrome d. chronogram
40. needless repetition of words
 a. hyperbole b. euphony c. tautology d. metonymy

V. Choose the best meaning of the Greek root.

41. -od
 a. shape b. like c. cycle d. way
42. icon-
 a. same b. image c. fine d. sharp
43. erg-
 a. put b. carry c. work d. grow
44. necro-
 a. decay b. corpse c. spirit d. fear
45. cau-
 a. swell b. hide c. destroy d. burn
46. -tom-
 a. cut b. small c. beginning d. seed
47. -gnor-
 a. believe b. become c. know d. judge
48. cosm-
 a. city b. ali- c. vast d. order
49. eu-
 a. well b. false c. tall d. simple
50. arch-
 a. opposite b. high c. rule d. best

2008 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

Fill in the first four blocks of the Scantron sheet with your own 4-digit code and then the next four blocks with the 4-digit code for this exam (1015). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the answer for each question; please do not write on the exam itself.

I. Give the letter of the meaning nearest to that of the Greek element underlined.

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|-----------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------|
| 1. PARALLEL | a) equal | b) other | c) every | d) side |
| 2. COSMOPOLITAN | a) all | b) elite | c) rule | d) world |
| 3. IMPOLITIC | a) city | b) many | c) speak | d) foreign |
| 4. STEREOTYPE | a) kind | b) four | c) sound | d) strike |
| 5. ANATHEMA | a) put | b) speak | c) hear | d) evil |
| 6. ANTHOLOGY | a) man | b) list | c) put | d) flower |
| 7. CRITICAL | a) pledge | b) see | c) noble | d) judge |
| 8. NAUSEATE | a) disease | b) ship | c) bad | d) turn |
| 9. CATEGORICAL | a) class | b) speech | c) count | d) marketplace |
| 10. ARCHITECT | a) teach | b) rule | c) write | d) build |
| 11. DISASTER | a) star | b) fall | c) fortune | d) ruin |
| 12. PROBLEM | a) mark | b) stain | c) throw | d) ask |
| 13. ANECDOTE | a) give | b) cure | c) tell | d) choose |
| 14. DROMEDARY | a) hill | b) run | c) eat | d) sell |
| 15. METHOD | a) learn | b) one | c) way | d) hate |

II. Choose the best answer based on the root meaning of the word in bold.

16. **Glosses** would be used to give

a. relief	b. explanations	c. advice	d. warnings
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17. The person most likely to **cauterize** is

a. a cook	b. a dictator	c. a doctor	d. an author
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18. Someone with **ergophobia** would be afraid of

a. motion	b. electricity	c. work	d. crops
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19. **Cyclopean** architecture is

a. very old	b. very big	c. very ornate	d. very simple
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20. You would most likely find an **acrostic** in

a. a book of poems	b. a church	c. a horror film	d. a weather map
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21. The person most likely to be concerned with **euphony** is

a. a doctor	b. a police officer	c. a painter	d. a poet
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22. **Doxology** would most likely be encountered in

a. a hospital	b. a church	c. a courtroom	d. a museum
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23. Someone displaying **misocainea** would have an aversion to

a. dogs	b. crowds	c. new ideas	d. the ocean
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24. An **osteopath** would work with

a. bones	b. the senses	c. stones	d. herbs
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25. A **bibliopole** would

a. make maps	b. sell books	c. fear books	d. interpret the Bible
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III. Based on your knowledge of Greek derivatives, choose the best meaning for each name.

26. **Xena** would be a good name for

a. a scientist	b. a foreigner	c. a warrior	d. a farmer
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27. **Timothy** means

a. gift of God	b. very learned	c. honoring God	d. leading the way
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28. **Peter** should be known for his
 a. steadfastness b. intelligence c. curiosity d. bravery
29. **Eunice** literally means
 a. good-looking b. well-liked c. good victory d. well-spoken
30. **Philippa**'s favorite pastime would be
 a. reading b. riding horses c. gardening d. studying philosophy

IV. Choose the letter of the derivative that best suits the given definition.

31. very clear or vivid
 a. iconic b. eidetic c. dialectic d. echelon
32. literally, "public work"
 a. synergy b. energy c. liturgy d. surgery
33. worship of the dead
 a. necrolatry b. necromancy c. necropsy d. necrology
34. literally, one who "leads children"
 a. pediatrician b. pedestrian c. pied-a-terre d. pedagogue
35. secret or esoteric knowledge of spiritual matters
 a. agnosticism b. gnosis c. cognizance d. prognosis
36. an event placed in the wrong time period
 a. schism b. anachronism c. chronogram d. decalogue
37. originally a "well-rounded education"
 a. philosophy b. methodology c. mathematics d. encyclopedia
38. common or popular
 a. endemic b. demographic c. demotic d. politic
39. one who knows many languages
 a. polymath b. polyglot c. heterodox d. cosmopolite
40. obviously exaggerated
 a. parabolic b. embolus c. hyperbolic d. probiotic

V. Choose the best meaning of the Greek root.

41. zeal-
 a. ardor b. anger c. envy d. hate
42. litho-
 a. image b. single c. stone d. exact
43. acro-
 a. point b. sharp c. fine d. best
44. myri-
 a. few b. different c. ten thousand d. wife
45. bomb-
 a. swell b. hum c. destroy d. fall
46. -phag-
 a. say b. think c. eat d. reveal
47. -crat
 a. power b. evil c. kill d. judge
48. pan-
 a. flat b. vulgar c. all d. fear
49. -lexi-
 a. mix b. write c. straight d. gather
50. cam-
 a. dear b. vault c. win d. even

2007 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

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I. Give the letter of the meaning nearest to that of the Greek element underlined.

- | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. NEOPHYTE | a) plant | b) egg | c) child | d) mud |
| 2. TECHNOCRACY | a) skill | b) power | c) wisdom | d) ruler |
| 3. CYCLONE | a) wind | b) dust | c) circle | d) twist |
| 4. LYCANTHROPE | a) wolf | b) man | c) flower | d) mourning |
| 5. ENDEMIC | a) people | b) rule | c) demon | d) house |
| 6. CACOPHONY | a) nice | b) bad | c) loud | d) heatedA |
| 7. ECLECTIC | a) eat | b) choose | c) die | d) read |
| 8. DENDRITE | a) nerve | b) root | c) tree | d) node |
| 9. MYRIAD | a) few | b) none | c) flashing | d) ten thousand |
| 10. DECATHLETE | a) five | b) seven | c) ten | d) many |
| 11. PANORAMA | a) many | b) few | c) view | d) all |
| 12. PSEUDONYM | a) alias | b) hidden | c) name | d) foot |
| 13. HYDROPHOBIA | a) fear | b) water | c) fire | d) elation |
| 14. TERATOLOGY | a) monster | b) marvel | c) march | d) land |
| 15. PACHYDERM | a) hot | b) heavy | c) smooth | d) thick |

II. Choose the best answer based on the root meaning of the word.

16. **Oligarchy** is rule by
a. the people b. the rich
c. the military d. the few
17. **Dysentery** is the _____ of the bowels:
a. removal b. inflammation
c. strengthening d. slicing
18. A **toponym** is the name of a _____:
a. place b. animal
c. god d. peak
19. When in the **gymnasium**, one should literally be:
a. sweating b. naked
c. running d. alone
20. One who gives **isagogical** remarks is:
a. teaching b. joking
c. muttering d. introducing
21. A **polymorphic** monster
a. runs fast b. assumes many shapes
c. has many teeth d. has thick fur
22. An **etiological** explanation provides
a. a year b. an end
c. a solution d. an origin
23. A **pantheon** concerns
a. the Cthonic gods b. the god of the flute
c. all the gods d. the Olympian gods

24. A **necropolis** is:

- a. a destroyed city
- b. a cemetery
- c. a citadel
- d. a colony

25. A **monolith** is:

- a. carved from one block of stone
- b. an upright grave marker
- c. made of obsidian
- d. a single leader

III. Based on your knowledge of Greek derivatives, choose the best meaning for each name.

26. **Theodore** was the _____ of God.

- a. beloved
- b. priest
- c. defender
- d. gift

27. What does **Phillip** love?

- a. waterfalls
- b. horses
- c. girls
- d. poetry

28. **Sophia** is outstanding for her

- a. wisdom
- b. grace
- c. beauty
- d. temperance

29. **Nick** should (technically) always

- a. talk
- b. get hurt
- c. win
- d. guess correctly

30. What is good about **Eugene**?

- a. his health
- b. his height
- c. his ancestry
- d. his brain

31. **Polyphemus** would have many _____:

- a. sheep
- b. eyes
- c. speeches
- d. bones

32. **George** would make a good

- a. farmer
- b. lawyer
- c. doctor
- d. geologist

33. What would **Stephanie** prefer to wear?

- a. gold robes
- b. a wreath
- c. perfume
- d. a toga

34. What might **Angela** grow up to become?

- a. a caretaker
- b. an undertaker
- c. a good mother
- d. a bike messenger

35. **Philokrates** is

- a. arrogant
- b. wounded
- c. a lover of power
- d. a lover of mixed wine

IV. Choose the letter of the derivative which best suits the given definition.

36. literally, one who "shows the fig"

- a. sycamore
- b. sychophant
- c. sycamine
- d. sycofer

37. literally, a departing from one's place

- a. echelon
- b. eclipse
- c. epidemic
- d. occult

38. having more than one husband at the same time

- a. polygamy
- b. androgynous
- c. misogynous
- d. polyandry

39. gold and ivory

- a. chryselephantine
- b. chysoleukistic
- c. dynographic
- d. electrum

40. study of physical space

- a. astrology
- b. geology
- c. topography
- d. scientology

V. Give the best meaning of each Greek root.

41. -som-, -somat-

- a. mind
- b. few
- c. sleep
- d. body

42. isos-

- a. single
- b. equal
- c. unjust
- d. both A and C

43. hemi-

- a. powerful
- b. equal
- c. half
- d. blood

44. -drom-

- a. run
- b. boring
- c. hump
- d. arena

45. chrono-

- a. color
- b. time
- c. golden
- d. circle

46. erg-

- a. result
- b. tiny
- c. monster
- d. work

47. chromo-

- a. color
- b. time
- c. ancient
- d. golden

48. xeno-

- a. color
- b. foreign
- c. wine
- d. gift

49. dactyl

- a. line
- b. bump
- c. finger
- d. beat

50. rhin-

- a. nose
- b. shine
- c. wild
- d. horn

2006 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

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I. CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER BASED ON THE ROOT MEANING OF THE WORD

1. **democracy** is

- a. rule of a few
- b. rule of one
- c. rule of the people
- d. rule of the aristocrats

2. An **etiological** explanation provides

- a. a year
- b. an origin
- c. an end
- d. a solution

3. The **lithosphere** is composed of

- a. oxygen
- b. electrons
- c. rock
- d. paper

4. **necrosis** is the _____ of cells

- a. generation
- b. replication
- c. separation
- d. death

5. **plutocratic** rule is government by the

- a. wealthy
- b. deceased
- c. religious
- d. intelligent

6. An **onomastic** explanation explains

- a. the gender
- b. the name
- c. the age
- d. the size

7. A **nautical** journey occurs

- a. in a forest
- b. on the sea
- c. through the desert
- d. through outer space

8. Those on the **periphery** are

- a. near the boundaries
- b. in the middle
- c. high above
- d. far away from

9. **phonology** is the study of

- a. light
- b. movement
- c. jealousy
- d. sound

10. A **pantheon** honors

- a. the god of the woodlands
- b. all the gods
- c. the Olympian gods
- d. the Cthonic gods

II. GIVE THE LETTER OF THE BEST DEFINITION FOR EACH WORD.

- | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 11. polyglot | a) intelligent | b) omnivorous | c) fossil | d) linguist |
| 12. metropolis | a) capital | b) subterranean | c) suburb | d) county |
| 13. panacea | a) cosmetic | b) dessert | c) remedy | d) cocktail |
| 14. necroscopy | a) list of deaths | b) microscope | c) post-mortem | d) investigation |
| 15. pantograph | a) green ink | b) writing device | c) squared paper | d) large chart |
| 16. psychopathic | a) very sick | b) homicidal | c) starved | d) mentally ill |

- | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 17. martyrdom | a) festival | b) holiness | c) suffering | d) hard work |
| 18. etymology | a) insects | b) history | c) classification | d) semantics |
| 19. homogeneous | a) hereditary | b) obscure | c) descended | d) uniform |
| 20. stenography | a) shorthand | b) map making | c) calendar | d) sports writing |
| 21. dogmatic | a) ecclesiastical | b) presumptuous | c) assertive | d) wild |
| 22. prognosticate | a) be an atheist | b) chewing | c) predict | d) fall asleep |
| 23. homochromatic | a) musical scale | b) one color | c) flying machine | d) timeless |
| 24. nephologist | a) student of clouds | b) dentist | c) ear doctor | d) kidney doctor |
| 25. hipparch | a) jungle beast | b) pelvis | c) bridle | d) cavalry leader |
| 26. scleroderma | a) inner layer of skin | b) skin graft | c) skin disorder | d) joint ache |
| 27. toxemia | a) making arrows | b) blood poison | c) sweat blood | d) love of archery |
| 28. philology | a) scholarship | b) locomotive | c) study of eggs | d) religion |
| 29. pyromania | a) red flower | b) love of towers | c) craze for fire | d) music craze |
| 30. bathysphere | a) underwater cave | b) mountain | c) diving tank | d) environment |

III. CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER FOR EACH QUESTION

31. **Philippos** delights in
 a) weapons b) horses c) the sun d) the earth
32. **Agathon** was considered
 a) ugly b) lazy c) good d) poor
33. **Theodorus** was the _____ of the god
 a) beloved b) enemy c) priest d) gift
34. **Philokrates** is
 a) arrogant b) a lover of power c) a lover of horses d) a wine mixer
35. The father that named his daughter **Eunice** was commemorating
 a) a good crop b) a bad fortune c) a great victory d) a comedy

IV. CHOOSE THE CORRECT DERIVATIVE

36. fear of insects
 a) entomology b) arachnophobia c) entomophobia d) triskaidekaphobia
37. capable of making one's own decisions
 a) autositic b) autistic c) autonomous d) autocratic
38. carved from a single stone
 a) monolithic b) monophyletic c) magalopic d) mesolithic
39. the hate of women
 a) misanthropy b) misogyny c) mystic d) polygamy
40. study of legends
 a) lexicology b) epicurism c) synergy d) mythology

2005 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

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I. CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER BASED ON THE ROOT MEANING OF THE WORD

1. **Dysphagia** is
 - a. difficulty speaking
 - b. difficulty swallowing
 - c. difficulty sleeping
 - d. difficulty thinking
2. **Hypernesia** is
 - a. extreme memory loss
 - b. complete memory of the past
 - c. over-active brain activity
 - d. under-active brain activity
3. **Endogamy** is
 - a. plural marriage
 - b. marriage within a group
 - c. arranged marriage
 - d. political marriage
4. A **prophylactic** measure attempts to
 - a. prevent something beforehand
 - b. prevent pregnancy
 - c. prevent tooth decay
 - d. stop milk production
5. **Synergy** is
 - a. excessive energy
 - b. lack of energy
 - c. working together
 - d. solar energy
6. **Misogyny** is
 - a. hatred of rats
 - b. hatred of women
 - c. hatred of marriage
 - d. hatred of blood
7. **Dendrology** is the study of
 - a. teeth
 - b. gum tissue
 - c. trees
 - d. fossils
8. **Oligarchy** is rule by
 - a. the majority
 - b. the rich
 - c. the people
 - d. the few
9. **Gymnophobia** is the fear of
 - a. women
 - b. bats
 - c. being naked
 - d. athletic contests
10. A **hippodrome** is a
 - a. stadium for horse-racing
 - b. stadium for foot-races
 - c. stadium for sprinting
 - d. stadium for relay-races

II. GIVE THE LETTER OF THE MEANING NEAREST TO THAT OF THE GREEK ELEMENT UNDERLINED.

11. pachyderm
 - a. eye
 - b. ear
 - c. nose
 - d. skin
12. eclectic
 - a. read
 - b. choose
 - c. sleep
 - d. talk

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|
| 13. triptych | a. fly | b. write | c. fold | d. fortune |
| 14. cacophony | a. varied | b. bad | c. shrill | d. pleasant |
| 15. diachronic | a. time | b. meaning | c. color | d. walk |
| 16. endemic | a. evil | b. disease | c. people | d. government |
| 17. platypus | a. foot | b. flat | c. plant | d. weave |
| 18. propaedeutic | a. child | b. teacher | c. master | d. education |
| 19. synopsis | a. soul | b. essence | c. view | d. summary |
| 20. brachycephalic | a. head | b. face | c. arm | d. brain |
| 21. metonymy | a. law | b. sign | c. name | d. dress |
| 22. myriopod | a. three | b. few | c. all | d. ten thousand |
| 23. troglodyte | a. monster | b. cave | c. heavy | d. insect |
| 24. teratoma | a. growth | b. defect | c. monster | d. disease |
| 25. panacea | a. many | b. all | c. few | d. cure |
| 26. lithotomy | a. knife | b. dust | c. stone | d. window |
| 27. metamorphosis | a. form | b. change | c. flower | d. god |
| 28. xenophobia | a. fear | b. stranger | c. ugly | d. needy |
| 29. asymptomatic | a. together | b. fall | c. poison | d. disease |
| 30. decathlete | a. ten | b. five | c. many | d. few |

III. CHOOSE THE LETTER OF THE DERIVATIVE WHICH BEST SUITS THE GIVEN DEFINITION.

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|---|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 31. love of knowledge | a. philophile | b. philosophy | c. philology | d. bibliophile |
| 32. carved from one block of stone | a. monolithic | b. monographic | c. megalithic | d. megalopic |
| 33. gold and ivory | a. chryselephantine | b. chrysouleukistic | c. leukelephantine | d. dynographic |
| 34. graveyard | a. mausoleum | b. acropolis | c. necropolis | d. sarcophagus |
| 35. unit of work | a. dyne | b. calorie | c. erg | d. photon |
| 36. study of legends | a. lexicology | b. synopsis | c. mythology | d. mythography |
| 37. fear of insects | a. arachnophobia | b. entomology | c. entomophobia | d. arachnophagia |
| 38. having more than one husband at the same time | a. polyandry | b. polygamy | c. androgynous | d. misogynous |
| 39. creation of the universe | a. cosmology | b. cosmetology | c. cosmogony | d. macrocosm |
| 40. that which allows one to see small things | a. microsphere | b. microscope | c. micrometer | d. micrograph |

IV. CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER FOR EACH QUESTION

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| 41. What sort of girl is Agatha? | a. pretty | b. moral | c. good | d. brave |
| 42. Peter should be known for his | a. fearlessness | b. loyalty | c. constancy | d. foolishness |
| 43. What does Stephanie like to wear? | a. dresses | b. gold | c. wreathes | d. ribbons |
| 44. Sophia is | a. wise | b. good | c. religious | d. brave |
| 45. George should be a | a. doctor | b. teacher | c. farmer | d. actor |