Fill in the FIRST 4 BLOCKS of the Scantron Sheet with your own 4-digit code, and then the NEXT 4 BLOCKS with the 4-digit code for this exam (1014). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the answer for each question. Do not write on the exam itself.

Choose the best translation of the given words or underlined phrases. THERE ARE NO LONG MARKS.

1. Nihil me <u>terrere</u> potest.
    a. to frighten   b. is able to   c. to help   d. to amaze

2. Puellae vitam poetae <u>servabant</u>.
    a. will save   b. was saving   c. saved   d. were saving

3. Optasne meam vitam <u>fortunamque</u> gustare?
    a. by fortune   b. in fortune   c. and fortune   d. fortunate

4. Ad mortem enim <u>veniet</u>.
    a. has come   b. was going   c. came   d. will come

5. <u>Solus</u> hunc facere potes.
    a. One   b. You alone   c. The sun   d. Only

6. Da <u>pecuniam</u> filio et filiabus.
    a. flowers   b. a cow   c. money   d. little

7. <u>Quos libros</u> malos Cicero recitavit?
    a. Whose books   b. Which books   c. How many books   d. Whatever books

8. <u>Salve</u>, magistra bona!
    a. Hello   b. Go away   c. Thanks   d. Save me

9. <u>A dis</u> de bello admoneor.
    a. for days   b. by the gods   c. from the gods   d. from the leaders

10. Puer legit <u>eam</u>.
    a. her   b. him   c. them   d. each other

11. <u>Sine gratia</u> puella matrem adiuvat.
    a. For a while   b. For thanks   c. With thanks   d. Without thanks

12. Flowers <u>were given</u> to the girl.
    a. dabitur   b. dabatur   c. dabantur   d. dat

13. Homo <u>de quo</u> dicebas est amicus meus.
    a. for whom   b. about whom   c. to whom   d. who

14. <u>Bella</u> multa pericula habent.
    a. Beauty   b. Wars   c. A pretty girl   d. Peace

15. <u>Watch</u> the children, o citizens!
    a. Spectate   b. Spectavisti   c. Specta   d. Spectatis

16. Fortuna <u>multis</u> dat nimis, satis nulli.
    a. to many men   b. to no one   c. much   d. too little

17. Infinitus est numerus <u>officiorum</u>.
    a. of presidents   b. of duties   c. for duties   d. duties

18. Puer puellas hodie <u>vocat</u>.
    a. called   b. was called   c. calls   d. is called

19. Your virtue makes <u>me</u> a friend to you.
    a. mecum   b. nos   c. meus   d. me

20. Cicero <u>ipse</u> me laudavit.
    a. yourself   b. myself   c. itself   d. himself

21. Caesar went to Gaul <u>at that time</u>.
    a. eo tempore   b. illum temporem   c. id tempus   d. ab illo tempore

22. Hi pueri puellis <u>huius</u> viri litteras dabant.
    a. this   b. to that   c. of this   d. for this

23. Cornua cervum <u>a periculis</u> defendunt.
    a. into danger   b. by dangers   c. to dangers   d. from dangers

24. Truth <u>will be found</u> with hard work.
    a. invenietur   b. invenire   c. inveniet   d. inveniebat

25. <u>Cuius</u> libri fuit Homer auctor?

    a. To whom   b. Of which   c. Whose   d. By whom

26. Listen, <u>Mark</u>, I want some dinner!

    a. Marco   b. Marcum   c. Marcus   d. Marce

27. Maria cum filio ab urbe <u>cucurrit</u>.

    a. was running   b. has run   c. runs   d. will be running

Choose the best answer

28. <u>Ab</u> takes what case?

    a. dative   b. nominative   c. ablative   d. accusative

29. What is the <u>genitive plural</u> of deus?

    a. dei   b. deorum   c. dis   d. di

30. How many <u>noun declensions</u> does Latin have?

    a. 8   b. 3   c. 5   d. 4

31. Servate is what <u>mood</u>?

    a. future   b. infinitive   c. indicative   d. imperative

32. 'Satis <u>amoris</u> habent.' What use of the genitive is 'amoris'?

    a. possession   b. whole   c. time within which   d. apposition

33. What <u>tense</u> is laudatus erit?

    a. present   b. passive   c. future perfect   d. pluperfect

34. 'Galli <u>ab Romanis</u> victi sunt.' What use of the ablative is 'ab Romanis'?

    a. agent   b. manner   c. instrument   d. accompaniment

35. What is the <u>antecedent</u>: 'Fortuna eum stultum facit quem nimium amat.'

    a. Fortuna   b. eum   c. quem   d. stultum

36. Which of the following is a <u>3rd</u> conjugation verb?

    a. venio   b. audio   c. capio   d. sentio

37. 'Cicero, <u>pater patriae</u>, magnus est.' Pater patriae is an example of _____

    a. apposition   b. complementary infinitive   c. partitive genitive   d. vocative

38. What <u>declension</u> is metus, metus, m.?

    a. 2nd   b. 4th   c. 5th   d. 3rd

39. The preposition '<u>propter</u>' takes what case?

    a. genitive   b. ablative   c. dative   d. accusative

40. Which of the following is a <u>future indicative passive</u> verb?

    a. auditor   b. laudabatur   c. agetur   d. faciet

41. What type of pronoun is <u>quod</u>?

    a. personal   b. intensive   c. relative   d. substantive

42. 'Femina est <u>medica</u>.' Medica is an example of what type of noun?

    a. predicate   b. substantive   c. pronoun   d. complementary

43. <u>Hodie</u> is what type of word?

    a. adjective   b. adverb   c. passive verb   d. subject

44. <u>Ipse</u> is what type of pronoun?

    a. intensive   b. demonstrative   c. personal   d. reflexive

45. Adulescentes _____ sunt.

    a. celeres   b. celera   c. celeri   d. celeribus

46. 'Ego te <u>laudare</u> debeo.' Laudare is an example of _____.

    a. apposition   b. adverb   c. imperative   d. complementary infinitive

47. Which of the following verbs is <u>singular</u>?

    a. monuimus   b. cepistis   c. agentur   d. laudabor

48. Which of the following is the <u>future active indicative</u> of sum?

    a. erit   b. erat   c. fuit   d. est

49. <u>Cui</u> is what part of speech?

    a. personal pronoun   b. adverb   c. relative pronoun   d. adjective

50. 'Vir <u>bona</u> facit.' How is bona used in this sentence?

    a. adverbially   b. substantive adjective   c. relative pronoun   d. modifies sapientia