2011 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

Fill in the first four blocks of the Scantron sheet with your own 4-digit code and then the next four blocks with the 4-digit code for this exam (**1015**). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the answer for each question; please do not write on the exam itself.

I. Give the letter of the meaning nearest to that of the Greek element underlined.

1.	NA<u>US</u>EA	a) disease	b) ship	c) bad	d) turn
2.	PRO<u>BLEM</u>	a) mark	b) stain	c) throw	d) ask
3.	AUTO<u>CRAT</u>	a) wealth	b) seal	c) rule	d) begin
4.	ANTHROPO<u>PHAGY</u>	a) clan	b) eat	c) turn	d) nurture
5.	AP<u>O</u>GEE	a) from	b) height	c) win	d) toward
6.	<u>LA</u>ITY	a) common	b) service	c) people	d) aid
7.	<u>TYP</u>OLOGY	a) blow	b) kind	c) art	d) letter
8.	PED<u>IATR</u>IC	a) measure	b) gentle	c) doctor	d) disease
9.	<u>ANDR</u>OID	a) man	b) form	c) art	d) servant
10.	PTERO<u>DACTYL</u>	a) wing	b) feather	c) lizard	d) finger
11.	<u>ALL</u>EGORIST	a) same	b) other	c) every	d) image
12.	EPI<u>DEM</u>IC	a) all	b) land	c) people	d) disease
13.	PA<u>CHY</u>DERM	a) large	b) fast	c) hair	d) thick
14.	EN<u>TOM</u>OLOGY	a) crawl	b) learn	c) swell	d) cut
15.	<u>XER</u>OX	a) same	b) dry	c) strange	d) none

II. Choose the best answer based on the root meaning of the word in bold.

16. **Glossal** describes something pertaining to
a. literature   b. the tongue   c. writing   d. digestion

17. An **embolus** would most likely be found in
a. a book   b. the sky   c. a garden   d. an artery

18. **Euphony** is most likely a concern for
a. a teacher   b. a lawyer   c. a poet   d. a photographer

19. Someone displaying **misocainea** would have an aversion to
a. dogs   b. large crowds   c. new ideas   d. swimming

20. An **encyclical** would be most likely encountered by
a. a librarian   b. a bishop   c. an electrician   d. a doctor

21. **Euthenics** is concerned with
a. genes   b. poverty   c. the environment   d. correct use of words

22. A **heliotrope** would most likely be found in
a. a lab   b. a church   c. the sky   d. a garden

23. A person's **patronymic** comes from her/his
a. nationality   b. fate   c. appearance   d. father

24. A **lexicographer** would
a. write dictionaries   b. learn languages   c. crack codes   d. interpret literature

25. An **osteopath**'s specialty would involve
a. stones   b. bones   c. emotions   d. drugs

III. Based on your knowledge of Greek derivatives, choose the best meaning for each name.

26. **Demeter**'s name is connected to
a. abundance   b. soil   c. maternity   d. anger

27. Judging from his name, which of the following should be "obviously the best"?
a. Achilles   b. Aristophanes   c. Aristarchos   d. Plutarchos

28. **Hipparchos** should excel at
a. medicine   b. farming   c. virtue   d. horsemanship
29. **Demosthenes** gets strength from his
a. people   b. ancestors   c. wealth   d. voice
30. **Peter's** virtue should come from his
a. faith   b. intelligence   c. steadfastness d. bravery

IV. Choose the letter of the derivative that best suits the given definition.
31. a disease transmitted from animals to humans
a. zoophyte   b. zoospore   c. zoonosis   d. zooxanthella
32. death of tissue in a living body
a. necrology   b. necropsy   c. necrolatry   d. necrosis
33. doing good works for one's community
a. euergatism   b. eudaemonism   c. eulogy   d. eustasy
34. ignorance or narrow-mindedness
a. gnosticism   b. ecumenicalism c. parochialism d. ecclesiasticism
35. especially vivid or clear
a. iconic   b. eidetic   c. ideographic   d. idyllic
36. predictive
a. prognostic   b. gnostic   c. cognitive   d. cognizant
37. a boundary indicating the distribution of a dialect
a. hypoglossal   b. isogloss   c. glossator   d. glossier
38. skill in the use or coining of words
a. logography   b. syllogism   c. logodaedaly   d. logomachy
39. a name derived from a place
a. patronymic   b. metonymy   c. eponym   d. toponym
40. the science of population statistics
a. dermatology   b. anthropolgy   c. demotics   d. demography

V. Choose the best meaning of the Greek root.
41. par-
a. beside   b. below   c. equal   d. portion
42. glauk-
a. taste   b. dark   c. gray   d. divine
43. -poeia
a. verse   b. make   c. type   d. drink
44. drom-
a. horse   b. course   c. run   d. sound
45. cau-
a. swell   b. reason   c. destroy   d. burn
46. glyk-
a. sweet   b. taste   c. bright   d. wax
47. ido-
a. shape   b. sign   c. blow   d. eye
48. dia-
a. against   b. two   c. through   d. line
49. erg-
a. put   b. carry   c. work   d. grow
50. -od
a. shape   b. like   c. cycle   d. way